

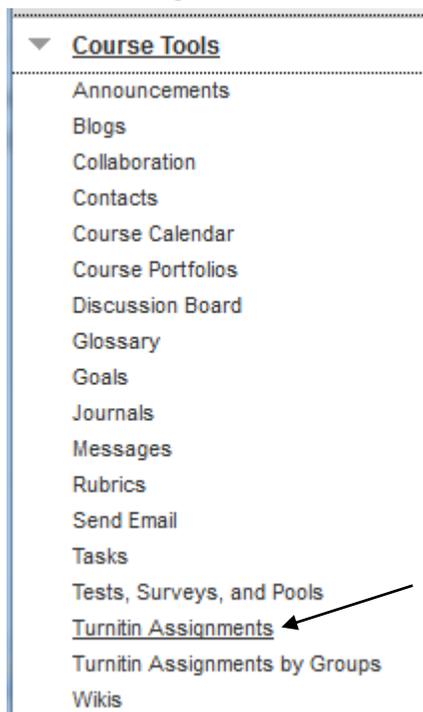
Guide to using Feedback Studio (formerly known as GradeMark)

Feedback Studio is a paperless grading system that is integrated with Blackboard. It is offered by [Turnitin](#), the plagiarism detection software product used at JHU. With its drag and drop functionality, Feedback Studio can save instructors a lot of time when grading online assignments.

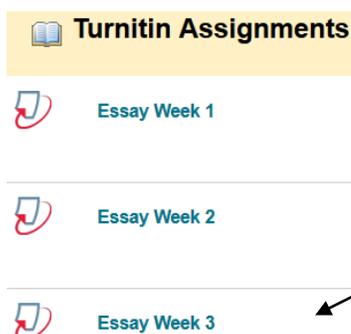
(**Note:** In order to use Feedback Studio, your online assignments must be created using Turnitin. Please see the [Turnitin Assignments tutorial](#) for assistance.)

To use Feedback Studio:

1. Enable the Turnitin tools in your Blackboard course. (please see the [Turnitin Assignments tutorial](#))
2. Create a Turnitin online assignment. (please see the [Turnitin Assignments tutorial](#))
3. When ready to grade an online assignment, go to the **Control Panel > Course Tools > Turnitin Assignments** to retrieve and grade the assignment.



4. Select the assignment from the list of assignments.



5. Click the 'Grade' icon of the assignment you want to grade.

<input type="checkbox"/>	AUTHOR	TITLE	SIMILARITY	GRADE
<input type="checkbox"/>	test3 student	Essay Week 3	100% ■	

6. The 'Document Viewer' is now open. Use the icons on the right side panel (detailed explanation below) to mark up the file with comments, provide feedback, and view the originality report. You can also use the 'in-context marking tool' to add inline feedback. Click anywhere on the document to make the tool appear.

feedback studio test3 student | Essay Week 3 /10 1 of 1

Events during Mitosis

Interphase: Cells may appear inactive during this stage, but they are quite the opposite. This is the longest period of the complete cell cycle during which DNA replicates, the centrioles divide, and proteins are actively produced.

Prophase: During this first mitotic stage, the nucleolus fades and chromatin (replicated DNA and associated proteins) condenses into chromosomes. Each replicated chromosome comprises two chromatids, both with the same genetic information. Microtubules of the cytoskeleton, responsible for cell shape, motility and attachment to other cells during interphase, disassemble. And the building blocks of these microtubules are used to grow the mitotic spindle from the region of the centrosomes.

Prometaphase: In this stage the nuclear envelope breaks down so there is no longer a recognizable nucleus. Some mitotic spindle fibers elongate from the centrosomes and attach to kinetochores, protein bundles at the centromere region on the chromosomes where sister chromatids are joined. Other spindle fibers elongate but instead of attaching to chromosomes, overlap each other at the cell center.

Metaphase: Tension applied by the spindle fibers aligns all chromosomes in one plane at the center of the cell.

Anaphase: Spindle fibers shorten, the kinetochores separate, and the chromatids (daughter chromosomes) are pulled apart and begin moving to the cell poles.

Telophase: The daughter chromosomes arrive at the poles and the spindle fibers that have pulled them apart disappear.

Cytokinesis: The spindle fibers not attached to chromosomes begin breaking down until only that portion of overlap is left. It is in this region that a contractile ring cleaves the cell into two

In-context marking tool

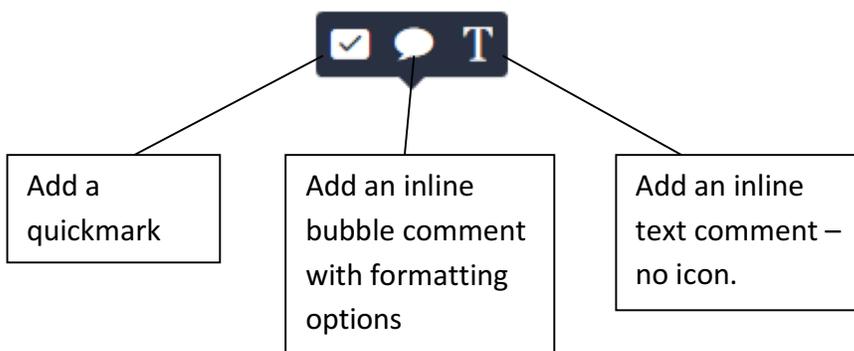
Grading Layer options

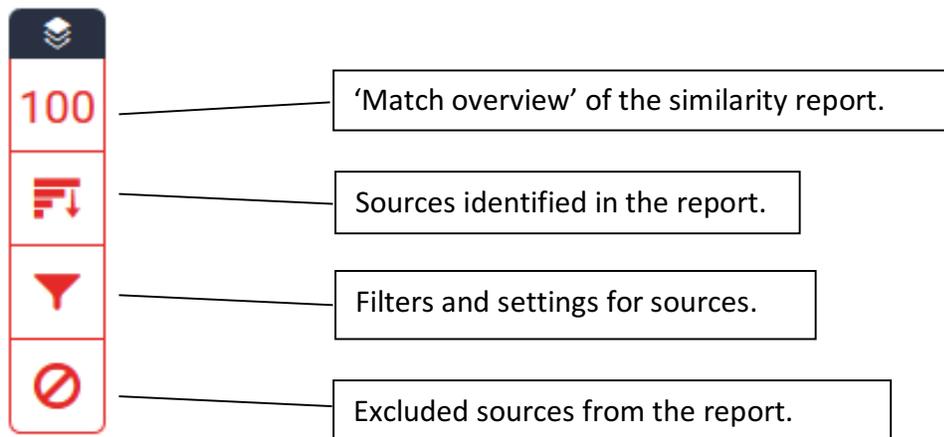
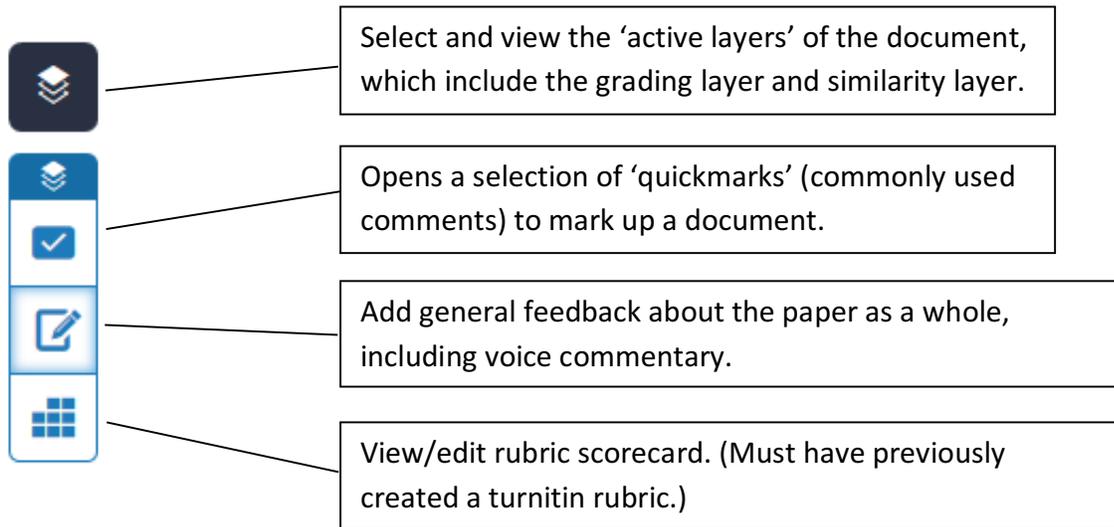
Similarity Layer options

Download file

Submission information (timestamp, word count, etc.)

Page: 1 of 1 Word Count: 273 Return to Turnitin Classic





Adding Quickmarks to the Document

When the quickmark option has been selected (see previous step), icons for adding quickmarks appear (pictured below). Quickmarks are frequently used comments that have been created by Feedback Studio and are readily available to add to the document. Instructors can also create their own sets of quickmarks. **Note:** Quickmarks defined by Turnitin are not editable.

Explore different sets of quickmarks using this dropdown.

Search quickmark sets

Create/edit new quickmarks and sets.

Set of 'Composition' quickmarks. Click and drag any of these to the document. Click on a quickmark to view its explanation below in gray. In this example, the explanation for 'Awk.' is displayed.

QuickMarks X

Composition ▾

Search

|| Awk. CutQ Float

Frag. Insert. Needs topic

P/A Agreement P/V Pos.

S/V Agreement Simp. Support

Tense Shift Thesis Tone

Transpose Vague Var.

Weak Transition Wordy

Awkward:

The expression or construction is cumbersome or difficult to read. Consider rewriting.

Once a quickmark has been added to a document, there is an option to add a custom comment to it by clicking on the quickmark itself. Delete the quickmark by clicking the 'trash' icon in the lower left. Quickmarks can be dragged anywhere on the document.

Bold

Bold

B *I* U

Add comment

Add comment

Delete quickmark

Document marked up with comments and quickmarks:

feedback studio | test3 student | Essay Week 3 | /10 | 1 of 1

Events during Mitosis

Interphase: Cells may appear inactive during this stage, but they are quite the opposite. This is the longest period of the complete cell cycle during which DNA replicates, the centrioles divide, and proteins are actively produced.

Prophase: During this first mitotic stage, the nucleolus fades and chromatin (replicated DNA and associated proteins) condenses into chromosomes. Each replicated chromosome comprises two chromatids, both with the same genetic information. Microtubules of the cytoskeleton, responsible for cell shape, motility and attachment to other cells during interphase, disassemble. And the building blocks of these microtubules are used to grow the mitotic spindle from the region of the centrosomes.

Prometaphase: In this stage the nuclear envelope breaks down so there is no longer a recognizable nucleus. Some mitotic spindle fibers elongate from the centrosomes and attach to kinetochores, protein bundles at the centromere region on the chromosomes where sister chromatids are joined. Other spindle fibers elongate but instead of attaching to chromosomes, overlap each other at the cell center.

Metaphase: Tension applied by the spindle fibers aligns all chromosomes in one plane at the center of the cell.

Anaphase: Spindle fibers shorten, the kinetochores separate, and the chromatids (daughter chromosomes) are pulled apart and begin moving to the cell poles.

Telophase: The daughter chromosomes arrive at the poles and the spindle fibers that have pulled them apart disappear.

Cytokinesis: The spindle fibers not attached to chromosomes begin breaking down until only that portion of overlap is left. It is in this region that a contractile ring cleaves the cell into two daughter cells. Microtubules then reorganize into a new cytoskeleton for the return to interphase.

QuickMarks

Format

100

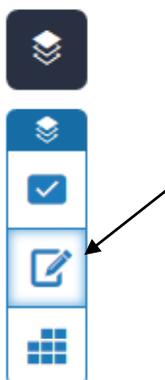
Sp. Space wf

Note: There is no 'Save' button when adding comments/quickmarks. They are automatically saved. If you logout in the middle of grading a paper, your changes will be there the next time you log in.

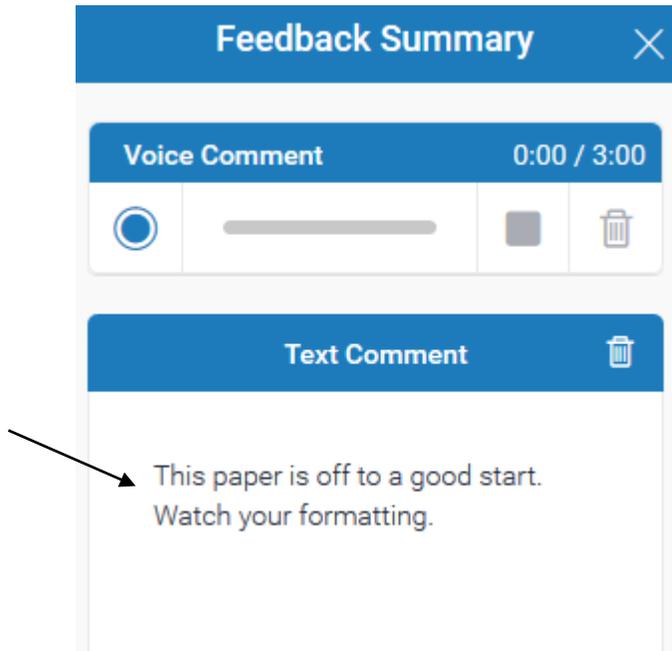
Adding General Feedback

General feedback can be added to the document as a whole, if desired.

1. Click the 'feedback summary' icon in the upper right:



2. Type comments in the Text Comment area. The comment is automatically saved.



Adding a Voice Comment

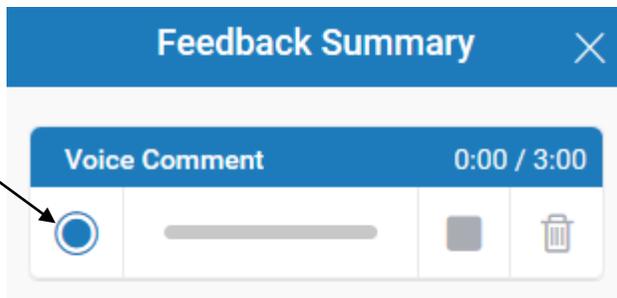
A personal voice comment lasting up to 3 minutes can be added to the document, if desired.

Note: A microphone must be attached to your computer – most laptops have a built in (low-quality) mic, but many desktops do not. If you have more than one microphone, it is best to test to see which one is active. Also note that Flash is required to use this feature.

1. To add a voice comment, click the 'feedback summary' icon in the upper right:



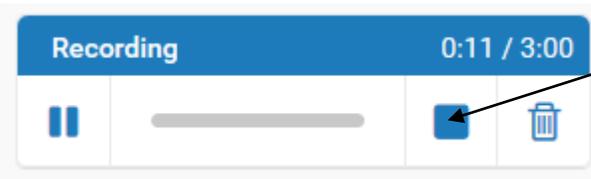
2. Click the record icon to begin recording.



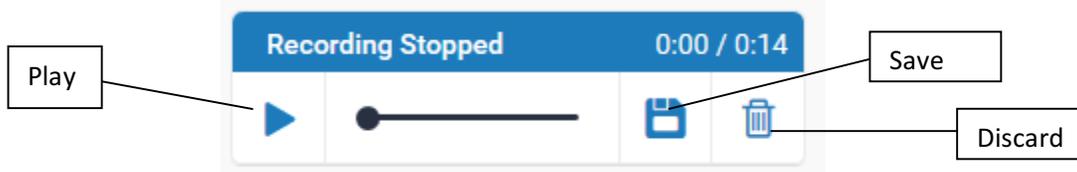
At this point, you may be prompted to agree to allow Turnitin to access your microphone. Click 'Allow' and 'Close' to proceed recording.



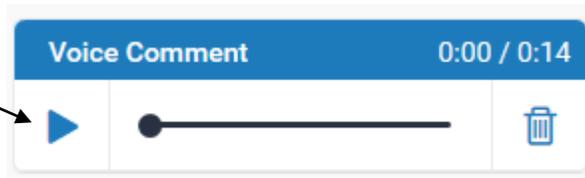
3. When finished recording, click the blue box icon to stop.



4. At this point, you can listen to the recording by clicking the Play icon on the left. If satisfied, click the save icon, or the trash icon to discard and start over.



5. If the recording is saved, the student will now be able to access it by clicking the blue Play button when viewing their graded assignment.



Entering a Grade for the Assignment

1. When ready to enter a grade for the assignment, click inside the designated box at the top of the screen and enter a numeric grade value. There is no save button – simply click outside of the box and the grade will be recorded.

The screenshot shows the Feedback Studio interface. At the top, the user is logged in as 'test3 student' for 'Essay Week 3'. In the top right corner, a grade of '9' is entered in a box, followed by '/10'. Below this, the document content is displayed, titled 'Events during Mitosis'. The document contains three paragraphs, each starting with a 'Bold' tag. The first paragraph is about interphase, the second about prophase, and the third about prometaphase. A 'Close up space' button is visible next to the first paragraph. On the right side of the document, there is a vertical toolbar with various icons, including a '100' score indicator.

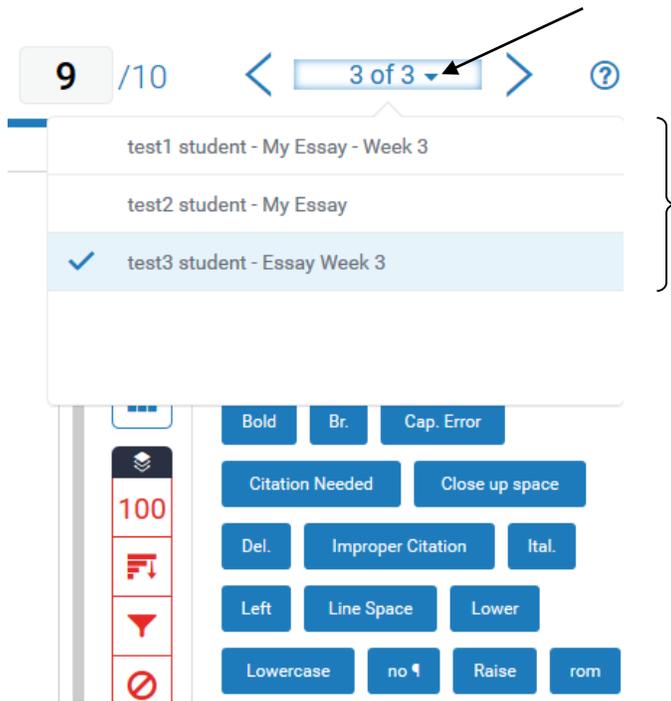
2. The grade will automatically be entered into the Blackboard grade center.

	Last Name	First Name	Essay Week 2	Response Paper	TEST #2	Test assignmer	Conservation Q	Essay Week 3
<input type="checkbox"/>	Brusini_PreviewUse	Amy	--	!	--	--	--	--
<input type="checkbox"/>	student	test2	--	--	--	--	--	--
<input type="checkbox"/>	student	test3	!	--	!	--	--	9.00

Navigating to Other Assignments

Feedback Studio makes it very easy to navigate to other assignments, which can also save time.

1. In the top right corner, click the small down arrow to display the other assignments that have been turned in. Select one of the other assignments to begin grading it.



2. Alternately, use the navigational arrows to page through the submitted assignments.



Student View of Document

Students can view their marked up graded assignments by accessing the 'My Grades' tool in Blackboard, if made available by the instructor. The student view of the marked up document looks very similar to the instructor view, but with no editing capabilities. On the right hand panel, students will need to click on the instructor feedback layer icon to show comments, quickmarks, etc. made by the instructor. They can also use the similarity layer icons to view originality report information, if made available by the instructor.

Show/Hide Instructor Feedback layer

Show/Hide Similarity layer (if available)

The screenshot displays the Feedback Studio interface. On the left, a student's essay titled "Events during Mitosis" is shown. The text includes several paragraphs, each starting with a "Bold" tag. A "Close up space" button is visible above the first paragraph. On the right, the "Instructor Feedback" sidebar is open, showing a "View Rubric" button, a "Voice Comment" section with a play button and a progress indicator (0:00 / 0:14), and a "Text Comment" section containing the text: "This paper is off to a good start. Watch your formatting." The sidebar also features a vertical toolbar with icons for navigation and feedback actions.

More Information on Feedback Studio:

https://guides.turnitin.com/01_Manuals_and_Guides/Instructor_Guides/Feedback_Studio_for_Instructors